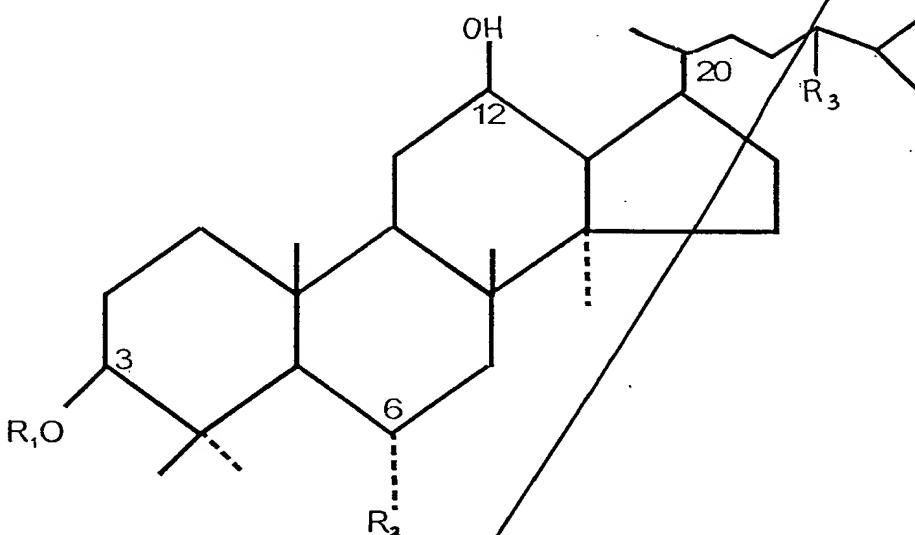


WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A sapogenin according to the formula:



wherein  $R_1$  is H, glc or  $glc^{1-2} glc$ ,  $R_2$  is H or OH,  $R_3$  is H or OH; and when  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are H, there are double bonds at positions 20(21) and 24(25); and when  $R_1$  is H,  $R_2$  is OH and  $R_3$  is OH, there are double bonds at positions 20(22) and 25(26); and when  $R_1$  is H,  $R_2$  is OH and  $R_3$  is H, there are double bonds at positions 20(22) and 24(25); and when  $R_1$  is glc,  $R_2$  is H and  $R_3$  is H, there are double bonds at positions 20(21) and 24(25); and when  $R_1$  is  $glc^{1-2} glc$ ,  $R_2$  is H and  $R_3$  is H, there are double bonds at positions 20(22) and 24(25); and pharmaceutically acceptable compositions incorporating said sapogenins.

2. A sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 wherein  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are H, and there are double bonds at 20(21) and 24(25).

3. A sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is H,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are OH, and there are double bonds at 20(22) and 25(26).

4. A sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is H,  $R_2$  is OH and  $R_3$  is H, and there are double bonds at 20(22) and 24(25).

5. A sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 wherein  $R_1$  is glc,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are H, and there are double bonds at 20(21) and 24(25).

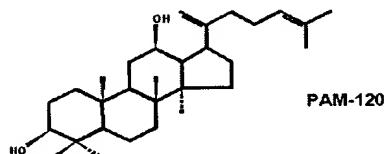
6. A sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 wherein R1 is  $\text{glc}^{1-2}\text{glc}$ , R2 and R3 are H, and there are double bonds at 20(22) and 24(25).

7. The use of a sapogenin according to the formula recited in claim 1 in treating cancer cells in a human being suffering from cancer, comprising killing cancer cells, inducing apoptosis in cancer cells, or inhibiting multiplication of cancer cells, or any combination thereof.

8. The use of a sapogenin according to the formula recited in claim 1 in 10 treating multi-drug resistant cancer cells (MDR) in a human being suffering from cancer, comprising using the sapogenins either singly, or in combination with one another, or in combination with other chemotherapy agents.

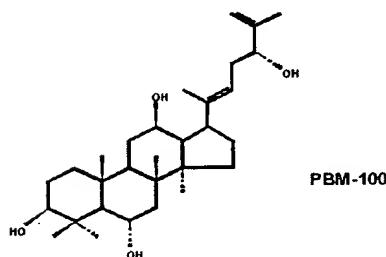
9. A sapogenin according to the formula:

15



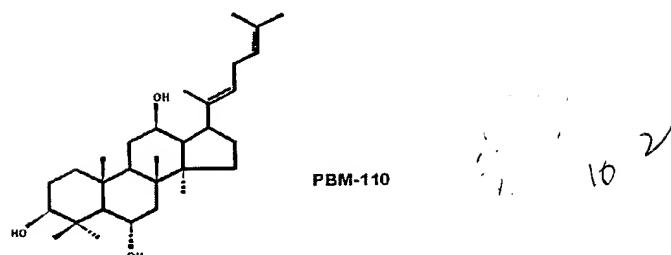
10. A sapogenin according to the formula:

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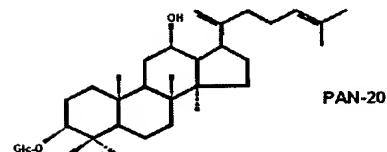


11. A sapogenin according to the formula:

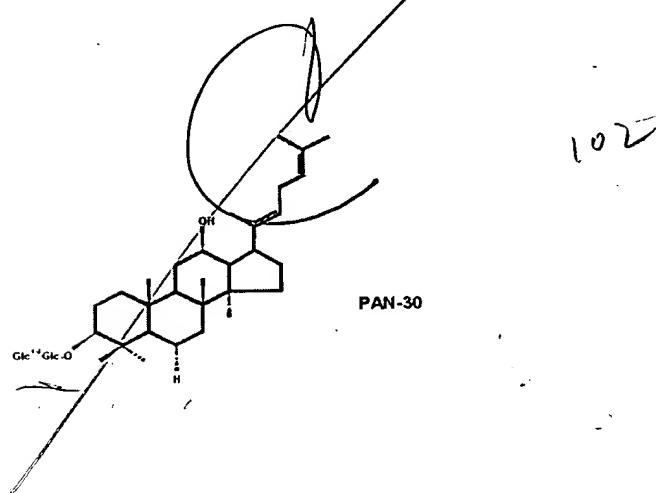
5



12. A sapogenin according to the formula:



10 13. A sapogenin according to the formula:



*Suff C P*  
5  
14. A method of treating cancer in human beings or other animals suffering from cancer comprising administering to said human beings a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising one or more of PAM-120, PBM-100 and PBM-110.

15. A method of treating cancer in human beings or other animals suffering from cancer comprising administering to said human beings a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising one or more of PAN-20 and PAN-

10 30.

*Suff C P 2*  
15  
16. The cancer-treatment method of claim 14 comprising a pharmaceutically effective amount of PAM-120, PAM-100 and PBM-110 with or without one or more pharmaceutically acceptable carriers, and one or more chemotherapeutic agents.

17. The cancer-treatment method of claim 14, wherein the active ingredient is administered in a dosage of between 5 micrograms to 50 grams per kg body weight per day.

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18. The cancer-treatment method of claim 14, wherein the active ingredient is administered in a dosage of between 50 micrograms to 5 grams per kg body weight per day.

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19. The cancer-treatment method of claim 17, wherein the form of the composition is selected from the group consisting of an orally administrable form, an injectable form, and a topically applicable form.

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20. The cancer-treatment method of claim 19, wherein the orally administrable form is selected from the group consisting of a tablet, a powder, a suspension, an emulsion, a capsule, a granule, a troche, a pill, a liquid, a spirit, a syrup and a lemonade.

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21. The cancer-treatment method of claim 19, wherein the injectable form is selected from the group consisting of a liquid, a suspension and a solution.

22. The cancer-treatment method of claim 19, wherein the topically applicable

form is selected from the group consisting of a drop, a paste, an ointment, a liquid, a powder, a plaster, a suppository, an aerosol, a liniment, a lotion, an enema and an emulsion.

5     23. The cancer-treatment method of claims 14 or 15, wherein the composition  
is administered to human beings who are receiving one or more other anti-cancer  
treatments.

10    24. The cancer-treatment method in claims 14 or 15, wherein the composition  
is formulated with one or more other anti-cancer agents, for additive treatment  
effects, or synergistic treatment effects on multi-drug resistance cancers or any  
other cancer type.

15    25. A process of preparing a sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 which comprises  
producing a ginsenoside extract from plants selected from the group consisting of  
panax ginseng, panax quinguefol and panax notoginseng, or a sapogenin source  
from some other plant, and proceeding according to the following steps:

20       (a) mixing the ginsenoside extract with water;

25       (b) (i) mixing the ginsenoside extract and water with a short-chain  
(1-5 carbon) alkali-metal alcoholate solution or a hydroxide-  
ethanol solution to produce a mixture; and

30       (ii) placing the resultant mixture in a reaction tank so that the  
resultant mixture can undergo chemical reactions under  
required high temperature and high pressure; or

35       (c) (i) alternatively, mixing the ginsenosides extract with ethanol;  
(ii) mixing the extract and ethanol with alkali-metal alcoholates  
solution to produce a mixture, and

40       (iii) placing the resultant mixture in a reaction tank so that the  
resultant mixture can undergo chemical reactions under  
required high temperature and high pressure;

45       (d) after the reaction is completed, collecting an intermediate product  
of a mix of gensenosides and sapogenins from the ethanol mixture;  
and

50       (e) separating the desired sapogenins from the intermediate saponin-  
sapogenin mixture by silica-gel-column chromatography.

55    26. A process as claimed in claim 25 wherein the alkali metal can be

potassium or sodium.

27. A process as claimed in claim 25 wherein the hydroxide can be sodium hydroxide or potassium hydroxide.

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28. A process as claimed in claim 25 wherein the alkali-metal alcoholates solution or the concentration of hydroxide-ethanol solution is 5~50% (W/V).

10

29. A process as claimed in claim 25 wherein the ethanol has 1~5 carbon atoms.

30. The process as claimed in claim 25 wherein the temperature of the reaction tank is between 150~300°C and the reaction pressure is between 2.5~8.4 MPa.

15

31. A process of preparing a sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 which comprises producing a ginsenoside extract from plants selected from the group consisting of panax ginseng, panax quinguefol and panax notoginseng, and proceeding according to the following steps:

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- (a) mixing the ginsenoside extract with water;
- (b) mixing the ginsenoside extract and water with a short-chain (1-5 carbon) alkali-metal alcoholate solution or a hydroxide-ethanol solution to produce a mixture; and
- (c) placing the resultant mixture in a reaction tank so that the resultant mixture can undergo chemical reactions under required high temperature and high pressure; or
- (d) after the reaction is completed, collecting an intermediate product of a mix of gensenosides and sapogenins from the ethanol mixture; and
- (e) separating the desired sapogenins from the intermediate saponin-sapogenin mixture by silica-gel-column chromatography.

25

32. A process of preparing a sapogenin as claimed in claim 1 which comprises producing a ginsenoside extract from plants selected from the group consisting of panax ginseng, panax quinguefol and panax notoginseng, and proceeding according to the following steps:

35

- (a) mixing the ginsenoside extract with water;
- (b) alternatively, mixing the ginsenosides extract with ethanol;

- (c) mixing the extract and ethanol with alkali-metal alcoholates solution to produce a mixture, and
- (d) placing the resultant mixture in a reaction tank so that the resultant mixture can undergo chemical reactions under required high temperature and high pressure;
- 5 (e) after the reaction is completed, collecting an intermediate product of a mix of gensenosides and saponins from the ethanol mixture; and
- (f) separating the desired saponins from the intermediate saponin-saponin mixture by silica-gel-column chromatography.

*[Handwritten signature]*  
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